

Frommer S Washington D C 2008 Tutorial

Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 offers travelers an in-depth guide to exploring the nation's capital with expert insights, detailed maps, and curated itineraries designed to maximize your visit. Whether you're a first-time visitor or a seasoned explorer, this guide provides valuable information to help you experience Washington D.C. to its fullest.

Overview of Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008

Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 is part of the renowned Frommer's travel guide series, known for its practical advice, comprehensive coverage, and user-friendly format. The 2008 edition emphasizes both classic attractions and hidden gems, catering to diverse interests—from history buffs and art lovers to food enthusiasts and families.

This edition features detailed neighborhood descriptions, transportation options, and hotel recommendations, making it an invaluable resource for planning your trip. It also includes up-to-date information on opening hours, ticket prices, and special events relevant to 2008, ensuring travelers have current details for their visit.

Key Features of the Guide

Detailed Attraction Listings

The guide offers extensive descriptions of major sites such as:

- National Mall and Memorial Parks
- Smithsonian Institution museums
- U.S. Capitol and Supreme Court
- Washington Monument and Lincoln Memorial
- National Gallery of Art
- International Spy Museum

Each entry includes practical information like hours, ticketing, and insider tips to enhance your experience.

Neighborhood Guides

The guide divides the city into neighborhoods, providing tailored recommendations:

- Downtown and Penn Quarter
- Capitol Hill
- Georgetown
- Dupont Circle
- Adams Morgan
- Foggy Bottom

These sections highlight dining, shopping, nightlife, and accommodations specific to each area.

Dining and Nightlife

Frommer's provides a curated list of restaurants ranging from casual eateries to fine dining establishments. The guide also highlights popular nightlife spots, jazz clubs, and bars, giving visitors options for evening entertainment.

Accommodation Recommendations

Whether you're seeking luxury hotels, budget inns, or boutique accommodations, the guide offers carefully selected options with reviews, pricing tips, and booking advice.

Top Attractions in Washington D.C. According to Frommer's 2008

National Mall and Memorials

The National Mall is the heart of Washington D.C., hosting many iconic monuments and memorials:

- Lincoln Memorial
- Washington Monument
- World War II Memorial
- Vietnam Veterans Memorial
- Martin Luther King Jr. Memorial

The guide emphasizes visiting these sites early in the day to avoid crowds and offers tips for meaningful experiences.

Museums and Cultural Institutions

The Smithsonian museums are a cornerstone of D.C.'s cultural landscape:

- National Air and Space Museum
- National Museum of American History
- National Museum of Natural History
- Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden
- Sculpture Garden and National Gallery of Art Sculpture Garden

Most Smithsonian museums are free, making them perfect for budget-conscious travelers.

Government Buildings and Historical Sites

A visit to Washington D.C. is incomplete without exploring its political landmarks:

- U.S. Capitol Building
- Supreme Court
- Library of Congress
- White House (view from outside)

The guide provides advice on tours, security procedures, and the best times to visit these sites.

Planning Your Trip with Frommer's 2008 Guide

Best Times to Visit

Washington D.C. experiences peak tourism during spring (March to May) and fall (September to November). The guide suggests visiting in shoulder seasons to enjoy milder weather and fewer crowds.

Transportation Tips

Getting around the city is straightforward:

- **Metro:** The Washington Metro system is extensive and convenient for most attractions.
- **Walking:** Many neighborhoods are walkable, offering a closer look at local life.
- **Tour Buses:** Open-top tour buses are a popular way to get an overview of the city.

The guide also covers parking tips and tips for using taxis and ride-sharing services.

Day Trip Suggestions

Beyond D.C., the guide recommends exploring nearby destinations:

- Mount Vernon, George Washington's estate
- Alexandria, Virginia's historic town
- Arlington National Cemetery

These excursions add variety to your trip and provide insight into the region's history.

Special Events and Festivals in 2008

The 2008 edition highlights significant events:

- Presidential Inauguration (January 20, 2009) ? preparations and viewing tips
- Cherry Blossom Festival (March-April) ? best viewing spots and events
- Fourth of July Celebrations ? fireworks and parades
- Smithsonian Folklife Festival (June/July) ? cultural performances and exhibits

Attending these events enriches your visit and offers a glimpse into local traditions.

Travel Tips for 2008

- Book accommodations early to secure the best rates and availability, especially during peak seasons.
- Check for updated museum hours and ticketing policies, as these can change.
- Carry comfortable footwear?walking is often the best way to explore D.C.
- Use the Metro for efficient transportation and avoid parking hassles.
- Respect security protocols at government buildings and memorials.

Conclusion

Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 remains a comprehensive and authoritative resource for travelers seeking to explore the U.S. capital. Its detailed descriptions, practical advice, and curated recommendations help visitors navigate the city's highlights and hidden treasures with confidence. Whether you're interested in history, art, politics, or simply enjoying the vibrant urban scene, this guide provides everything you need to make your trip memorable and rewarding.

Embark on your Washington D.C. journey with Frommer's expert insights, and discover the rich tapestry of culture, history, and modern life that defines the nation's capital.

Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 stands as a comprehensive travel guide that captures the essence of the nation's capital during a pivotal year. Whether you're a first-time visitor or a seasoned traveler eager to deepen your understanding of D.C.'s rich history and vibrant culture, this guide offers invaluable insights, detailed recommendations, and practical tips to enhance your experience. In this article, we'll break down the core elements of Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008, exploring its strengths, notable features, and how it can serve as your essential companion for exploring the city.

Understanding Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008: An Overview

Frommer's guides have long been regarded as authoritative resources for travelers seeking reliable, candid advice. The 2008 edition of the Washington D.C. guide offers a snapshot of the city as it was in that year—highlighting key attractions, dining options, hotels, and insider tips. It's a guide rooted in thorough research, local expertise, and practical considerations, making it especially useful for navigating the city's complex landscape.

Why Choose the 2008 Edition?

While newer editions may exist, the 2008 guide remains valuable because it captures a snapshot of D.C. during a historic year—marked by the presidential election and the transition of power. The guide reflects the city's pulse during that period, providing context, cultural nuances, and updated information relevant to that time. For history enthusiasts, political buffs, or those interested in the city's evolution, this edition offers a unique perspective.

Key Features of Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008

- In-Depth Neighborhood Walks and Tours

One of the hallmark features of Frommer's guides is their detailed walkthroughs. The 2008 edition offers carefully curated walks that allow visitors to explore different neighborhoods at their own pace. Some notable walks include:

- The National Mall and Memorial Parks
- Georgetown's historic streets
- Dupont Circle and Logan Circle
- Capitol Hill and the Senate Office Buildings
- Adams Morgan's vibrant nightlife

Each walk includes maps, suggested routes, and highlights, allowing users to immerse themselves in the local atmosphere while learning about historic sites, architecture, and cultural landmarks.

- Curated List of Must-See Attractions

Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 highlights essential sights such as:

- The White House
- The U.S. Capitol and Capitol Visitor Center
- Smithsonian Institution museums (Air and Space, Natural History, American History)
- The Lincoln Memorial
- Washington Monument
- Martin Luther King Jr. Memorial
- Ford's Theatre and the Kennedy Center

The guide offers practical advice on visiting these sites, including hours of operation, ticketing, and best times to visit to avoid crowds.

- Dining and Nightlife Recommendations

Recognizing that food and entertainment are integral to the travel experience, the guide provides a broad spectrum of dining options, from upscale restaurants to casual eateries. Notable categories include:

- Classic D.C. cuisine, such as Chesapeake Bay seafood
- International flavors reflecting D.C.'s diverse community
- Budget-friendly options for travelers on a tight schedule
- Nightlife hotspots, jazz clubs, and bars, especially around Adams Morgan and U Street

- Hotel Listings and Accommodation Tips

Frommer's 2008 guide reviews a variety of hotels, from luxury accommodations to budget inns. It offers:

- Recommendations based on location, price, and amenities

- Tips for securing the best rates and booking strategies
- Neighborhood guides to help travelers choose accommodations aligned with their interests
- Practical Travel Tips

The guide doesn't just list attractions; it also provides practical advice such as:

- Transportation options (Metro system, buses, walking)
- Tips for navigating the city with children or mobility issues
- Safety advice and local customs
- Shopping districts and souvenir tips

Navigating Washington D.C. in 2008: Context and Cultural Highlights

The Political Landscape

2008 was a historic year in American politics, with Barack Obama elected as the first African American president. The guide subtly reflects this atmosphere, highlighting places like the Martin Luther King Jr. Memorial and sites related to civil rights and social change. It offers insights into how to witness the city's political energy firsthand during this transformative period.

Cultural and Artistic Scene

Beyond politics, D.C. is a hub for arts and culture. The guide emphasizes:

- The Smithsonian's vast array of museums and galleries
- The Kennedy Center's performances
- Annual festivals and parades
- Neighborhood arts districts like U Street

Seasonal Considerations

The guide provides suggestions for visiting during different times of the year, including tips for spring cherry blossom viewing, summer festivals, fall foliage, and winter holiday events.

Practical Tips for Making the Most of Your Visit (Based on the 2008 Edition)

Planning Your Itinerary

- Prioritize must-see sights and plan around opening hours
- Use the guide's suggested walking tours to maximize sightseeing
- Allocate time for museums, outdoor monuments, and cultural venues

Transportation Tips

- Purchase a Metro card for convenient access to the subway and buses
- Consider walking between nearby sites to absorb the city's atmosphere
- Use taxis or ride-sharing apps for late-night or remote travel

Budgeting and Money-saving Strategies

- Take advantage of free Smithsonian museums
- Pack snacks and water to avoid high concession prices
- Look for combo tickets or passes for multiple attractions

Safety and Local Etiquette

- Be aware of your surroundings, especially in less crowded areas
- Respect local customs and cultural sites
- Keep copies of important documents

Conclusion: The Lasting Value of Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008

While some details in the 2008 edition may have aged, the core principles of Frommer's guides—reliable information, practical tips, and thoughtful recommendations—remain timeless. For travelers interested in exploring D.C. during this historic year, the guide offers a rich, contextual experience that blends sightseeing with cultural understanding. Whether you're retracing the steps of political history or discovering the city's vibrant neighborhoods, Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 provides a solid foundation for a memorable trip.

In summary, this guide is more than just a list of attractions; it's a thoughtfully curated roadmap that captures the spirit of Washington D.C. at a significant moment in history. By combining detailed maps, insider tips, and cultural insights, Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 continues to be an invaluable resource for travelers seeking an authentic and informed experience of America's capital city.

Question What are the top recommended attractions in Washington D.C. according to

Frommer's 2008 guide? Frommer's 2008 guide highlights must-see attractions such as the National Mall, Smithsonian museums, the Lincoln Memorial, and the U.S. Capitol as top recommendations for visitors. Does Frommer's 2008 guide provide practical tips for getting around Washington D.C.? Yes, the guide offers detailed advice on using the Metro system, walking routes, and tips for parking and navigating the city efficiently. Are there restaurant recommendations in Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 guide? Absolutely, it features a selection of dining options ranging from historic eateries to trendy new spots, catering to various budgets and tastes. How does Frommer's 2008 guide suggest planning a trip to Washington D.C. on a budget? The guide recommends visiting free attractions like the Smithsonian museums, taking advantage of walking tours, and finding affordable dining options to maximize your budget. Does Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008 include accommodation recommendations? Yes, it provides a curated list of hotels across different price ranges, along with tips on booking and choosing the best locations. Is the information in Frommer's 2008 guide still useful for travelers today? While some details may be outdated, many core recommendations and sightseeing tips remain valuable; however, travelers should verify current information for opening hours and prices.

Related keywords: Washington D.C. travel guide, Frommer's Washington D.C. 2008, D.C. sightseeing, Washington D.C. attractions, D.C. hotels recommendations, Washington D.C. museums, Frommer's travel book, Washington D.C. itinerary, D.C. historical sites, Washington D.C. restaurants guide, travel tips Washington D.C.

Connecticut 2008 Calendar

connecticut 2008 calendar was an essential tool for residents, students, teachers, and businesses to plan their year effectively. Understanding the layout, important dates, holidays, and notable events in the Connecticut 2008 calendar can help individuals and organizations coordinate schedules, plan vacations, and prepare for various seasonal activities. In this comprehensive guide, we will delve into the details of the 2008 calendar specific to Connecticut, highlighting key dates, holidays, and useful tips for utilizing this calendar efficiently.

Overview of the Connecticut 2008 Calendar

The Connecticut 2008 calendar followed the Gregorian calendar system, with the year beginning on January 1, 2008, and ending on December 31, 2008. 2008 was a leap year, meaning February had 29 days instead of the usual 28, adding an extra day to February and affecting the scheduling of events and holidays.

The calendar was structured with 12 months, each consisting of four to five weeks, and included

weekends on Saturdays and Sundays. The layout of the calendar helped residents plan work schedules, school terms, holidays, and personal events.

Key Features of the 2008 Calendar in Connecticut

Leap Year Details

- 2008 was a leap year, occurring every four years, adding February 29.
- This extra day impacted scheduling, especially for financial and business planning.

Notable Holidays and Observances

Connecticut observes many federal holidays, and some local or state-specific holidays and events also influence scheduling:

- **New Year's Day:** January 1 (Tuesday)
- **Martin Luther King Jr. Day:** January 21 (Monday)
- **February 18 (Monday)**
- **Memorial Day:** May 26 (Monday)
- **Independence Day:** July 4 (Friday)
- **Labor Day:** September 1 (Monday)
- **Columbus Day:** October 13 (Monday)
- **Veterans Day:** November 11 (Tuesday)
- **Thanksgiving Day:** November 27 (Thursday)
- **Christmas Day:** December 25 (Thursday)

Many of these holidays are federal, but local events, school breaks, and seasonal activities are often scheduled around them.

School Calendar and Academic Year in Connecticut (2008)

The school year in Connecticut typically begins in early September and concludes in late June or early July. For 2008, the academic calendar was aligned with state guidelines, but specific districts might have had slight variations.

Start and End Dates

- **First Day of School:** Usually early September, around September 3-5.

- Last Day of School: Typically late June, around June 20-25.
- Spring Break: Often scheduled in April, with dates varying by district.
- Winter Break: Usually includes Christmas and New Year holidays, spanning late December into early January.

Knowing these dates is vital for parents, students, and educators to plan vacations, extracurricular activities, and academic commitments.

Public and State Holidays in Connecticut 2008

While federal holidays are observed nationwide, Connecticut also celebrates specific state holidays and events:

State-specific Observances

- The Connecticut Day of Service: Recognized in April, encouraging community service.
- Harriet Beecher Stowe Day: Celebrated on June 14, honoring the author of Uncle Tom's Cabin.
- Roaring Twenties Day: Celebrated in some communities, reflecting Connecticut's rich history.

These holidays may influence local government operations, community events, and business hours.

Important Seasonal and Cultural Events

Connecticut's 2008 calendar was dotted with festivals, fairs, and seasonal activities, including:

- **Winter Festivities:** December through February, including holiday parades and ice skating.
- **Spring Festivals:** April and May, featuring flower festivals and outdoor markets.
- **Summer Events:** June through August, including music festivals, arts fairs, and outdoor concerts.
- **Fall Celebrations:** September through November, with harvest festivals and Halloween events.

Planning around these events can enhance leisure activities and community engagement.

Using the 2008 Connecticut Calendar Effectively

To maximize the utility of the Connecticut 2008 calendar, consider the following tips:

Mark Important Dates

- Highlight federal and state holidays.
- Note school breaks and district-specific days off.
- Mark local events and festivals.

Plan Vacations and Travel

- Use long weekends around holidays like Memorial Day, Labor Day, and Thanksgiving for extended trips.
- Schedule visits or family gatherings during school breaks.

Coordinate Work and Personal Commitments

- Use the calendar to set reminders for deadlines, appointments, and meetings.
- Plan personal milestones such as birthdays or anniversaries.

Leverage Seasonal Activities

- Engage in seasonal outdoor activities aligned with Connecticut's climate and events.
- Attend festivals and community events for cultural enrichment.

Resources for Connecticut 2008 Calendar

For those seeking physical or digital copies of the 2008 calendar, various resources are available:

- [Time and Date](#): Offers downloadable calendar templates.
- Local libraries and archives often hold printed copies of past calendars.
- School district websites may provide academic calendars for 2008.

Using these resources can help verify specific dates and plan accordingly.

Conclusion

The **connecticut 2008 calendar** served as a vital framework for organizing personal, educational, and professional life in Connecticut during that year. From recognizing federal and state holidays to scheduling school and community events, understanding the nuances of this calendar allows residents to make the most of their year. Whether planning vacations, managing work commitments, or engaging in seasonal activities, a well-understood calendar is an invaluable tool for a smooth and

enjoyable year in Connecticut.

Remember, while 2008 is a past year, reviewing its calendar provides insights into seasonal patterns and planning strategies that remain relevant for future years. Keep calendars handy, mark important dates early, and embrace the rich cultural and seasonal tapestry that Connecticut has to offer.

Connecticut 2008 Calendar: An In-Depth Exploration of the Year's Schedule and Significance

Connecticut 2008 calendar offers more than just a listing of dates; it encapsulates a year marked by economic shifts, political developments, and cultural moments that shaped the state's trajectory. For residents, historians, and planners alike, understanding the nuances of the 2008 calendar provides insight into how the state managed its daily routines amid national upheaval. This article delves into the details of the Connecticut 2008 calendar, highlighting key holidays, significant events, and the broader context that influenced scheduling decisions throughout the year.

Overview of the Connecticut 2008 Calendar

The Connecticut 2008 calendar was a standard Gregorian calendar, comprising 366 days due to the leap year. It was characterized by the usual cycle of weekdays and weekends, with specific dates designated for state and federal holidays. The calendar also reflected regional observances unique to Connecticut, alongside the national calendar of holidays.

In 2008, the state experienced notable socio-economic and political events that intersected with the calendar dates, shaping public life and government operations. Understanding these elements requires a comprehensive breakdown of the year's schedule and its implications.

Key Features of the 2008 Calendar

Leap Year and Its Impact

2008 was a leap year, a phenomenon occurring every four years, adding an extra day—February 29—to the calendar. This adjustment affects various scheduling aspects:

- Extended Planning: Organizations had to incorporate the additional day into fiscal, academic, and event planning.
- Holiday Shifts: While most holidays remained fixed, some, like Easter, fluctuated based on lunar calculations, influencing scheduling around these movable dates.

Federal and State Holidays

The Connecticut 2008 calendar included a variety of holidays, both federal and state-specific, with some notable dates:

- New Year's Day ? January 1 (Tuesday)
- Martin Luther King Jr. Day ? January 21 (Monday)
- Presidents' Day ? February 18 (Monday)
- Memorial Day ? May 26 (Monday)
- Independence Day ? July 4 (Friday)
- Labor Day ? September 1 (Monday)
- Columbus Day ? October 13 (Monday)
- Veterans Day ? November 11 (Tuesday)
- Thanksgiving ? November 27 (Thursday)
- Christmas Day ? December 25 (Thursday)

Additionally, Connecticut observes specific state holidays, such as Patriots' Day (April 21, Monday), which commemorates the start of the American Revolutionary War and is unique to New England states.

Notable Events and Their Calendar Placement

The 2008 calendar was punctuated by significant local and national events, including:

- Presidential Election ? November 4, 2008 (Tuesday): A historic election leading to Barack Obama's presidency. Campaigns intensified in Connecticut, influencing political activities and voter engagement across the state.
- Economic Crisis ? The global financial downturn in late 2008 affected Connecticut's economy, impacting businesses and government policies throughout the year.
- Local Events: Various cultural festivals, parades, and civic activities aligned with holidays and seasonal changes.

Planning and Scheduling in Connecticut in 2008

Education Calendar

Connecticut's school districts typically follow a schedule that includes:

- School Year: September to June
- Holidays and Breaks: Aligning with federal and state holidays, with winter and spring breaks

scheduled around major breaks like Christmas and Easter.

- Impact of the Leap Year: The February 29 date required adjustments in academic calendars, particularly for leap-year-specific planning.

Government and Business Operations

State offices and businesses adhered to standard holiday closures, but 2008's economic climate prompted:

- Increased Remote Work: Some agencies adopted flexible schedules amid economic uncertainty.

- Economic Summits and Public Meetings: Scheduled around the calendar, often post-holiday periods to maximize attendance and engagement.

Cultural and Recreational Events

Connecticut's calendar also included notable cultural events:

- Spring Festivals: Celebrating the arrival of warmer weather, often scheduled around April and May.

- Summer Activities: Including fairs, outdoor concerts, and Independence Day fireworks.

- Fall Foliage Tours: October, leveraging the state's renowned autumn landscape.

- Holiday Markets and Parades: Leading up to Christmas and New Year's.

Significance of the 2008 Calendar in Connecticut's History

Political Milestones

The 2008 calendar was pivotal due to the presidential election, which saw Connecticut's active participation. The state's voting patterns contributed to the overall national outcome and reflected shifting political sentiments.

Economic Challenges and Responses

The global financial crisis, which peaked in late 2008, had direct effects on Connecticut's economy. The calendar's structure influenced economic policies, with government initiatives often timed around key dates:

- Budget Planning: Fiscal Year 2008-2009 began in July 2008, requiring strategic planning amidst economic turmoil.
- Stimulus Packages: Implemented in late 2008, these were coordinated with calendar-driven deadlines and public engagement periods.

Social and Cultural Resilience

Despite economic and political upheavals, Connecticut's calendar was dotted with community resilience events, emphasizing unity and hope. These included charity drives during the holiday season and civic celebrations aligned with historic dates.

How to Use the Connecticut 2008 Calendar Today

For historians, educators, and enthusiasts, the 2008 calendar serves as a snapshot of a tumultuous year. It helps contextualize:

- Historical research on Connecticut's response to national crises
- Analysis of local political and social trends
- Planning for commemorative events or anniversaries

Furthermore, understanding the calendar helps in genealogical research, urban planning, and cultural programming, providing a temporal framework for interpreting past activities.

Conclusion

The Connecticut 2008 calendar is more than a mere schedule; it is a reflection of a complex year marked by significant national and local developments. From the leap year adjustment to the pivotal presidential election, each date held potential implications for residents, policymakers, and businesses. Recognizing the intricacies of this calendar enriches our understanding of how Connecticut navigated one of the most challenging periods in recent history. As we look back, the 2008 schedule offers lessons in resilience, adaptation, and the importance of a well-organized timeline in shaping a community's response to change.

Question Where can I find a printable Connecticut 2008 calendar? You can find printable Connecticut 2008 calendars on various online calendar websites, including official state government sites and printable template providers. Are there any special holidays or events in Connecticut for the year 2008? Yes, in 2008, Connecticut observed federal holidays such as New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas, along with state-specific observances. What day of the week did the Connecticut 2008 New Year's Day fall on? In 2008, New Year's Day (January 1) fell on a Tuesday in Connecticut. Was there any significant

weather event in Connecticut in 2008 that would be marked on a calendar? While specific weather events are not typically marked on calendars, notable weather in 2008 included winter storms and hurricanes affecting the region. Check historical weather records for detailed information. How can I customize a Connecticut 2008 calendar for personal use? You can customize a Connecticut 2008 calendar using online tools like Canva or Adobe Spark, where you can add personal notes, images, and specific events. Are there any notable Connecticut state holidays in 2008? Connecticut observes federal holidays, but it also recognizes some state-specific holidays, which can be marked on the 2008 calendar, such as Patriots' Day if observed. What are the major school break periods in Connecticut for 2008? Major school breaks in Connecticut for 2008 included spring break in March/April, summer vacation starting in late June, and winter break around December and January. Can I find a digital version of the Connecticut 2008 calendar for syncing with my device? Yes, digital versions of the 2008 Connecticut calendar are available on various calendar apps and websites that offer historical or custom calendar imports. Were there any notable events or anniversaries in Connecticut in 2008 that could be highlighted on the calendar? While specific events depend on local history, 2008 marked anniversaries such as the 150th anniversary of the start of the Civil War, which may have been commemorated in certain communities. How can I use the 2008 Connecticut calendar for planning future events? You can reference the 2008 calendar for historical date patterns, such as day-of-week alignments, to assist in planning recurring events or understanding seasonal trends in Connecticut.

Related keywords: Connecticut 2008 holidays, Connecticut school calendar 2008, Connecticut state holidays 2008, Connecticut work holidays 2008, Connecticut academic calendar 2008, Connecticut public holidays 2008, Connecticut official holidays 2008, Connecticut holiday schedule 2008, Connecticut school year 2008, Connecticut holiday dates 2008

Read the full article online: [CONNECTICUT 2008 CALENDAR](#)